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ACUFF & CHILD

Attorneys at Law
Rooms 711 715 Empire Building
Old Phone 3446 Knoxville, Tenn.

TO EARL KIDD AND LUCILE KIDD

Ida Hodge vs. John W. Kidd et al.
State of Tennessee. In Chancery
Court of Knox County. No. 16220

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendants Earl Kidd and Lucile Kidd are non-residents of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Nov. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to them.

It is further ordered that this notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the Knoxville Independent. This 27th day of Sept. 1918
J. C. FORD, Clerk & Master.
S. E. Hodges, Sol.
Sept. 28 Oct. 5 12-19-1918

Non-Resident Attachment Notice

Carden Brothers vs. Charles E. Pack
No. 47

Before Geo. W. Hill Justice of the Peace for Knox County, Tenn.
In this cause, it appearing from the affidavit filed, which is sworn to, that defendant Charles E. Pack is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, and an original attachment having been issued and returned to me with levy upon his property, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Knoxville Independent, a newspaper published in the city of Knoxville, for four consecutive weeks, commanding the defendant to appear before me at my office in Knoxville, Tennessee, on the 27th day of Nov. 1918, and make defense to said suit, or the same will be proceeded with ex parte. This 27th day of Sept. 1918
Geo. W. Hill Justice of the Peace for Knox County, Tennessee
Sept. 28 Oct. 5 12-19-1918

TO SUSAN SHARP
Luther Sharp vs. Susan Sharp
State of Tennessee. In Chancery
Court of Knox County. No. 16195
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant Susan Sharp is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her. It is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the 1st Monday of Nov. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four consecutive weeks. This 13th day of Sept. 1918
J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master
Yardley & McDade, Sols.
Sept. 14 21 28 Oct. 5 1918

TO SUE MURRAY WILSON

E. A. Wilson vs. Sue Murray Wilson
State of Tennessee. In Chancery
Court of Knox County. No. 16210

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant, Sue Murray Wilson is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of November next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four consecutive weeks. This 19th day of Sept. 1918
J. C. FORD, Clerk & Master.
Bowen & Anderson, Sols.
Sept. 21 28 Oct. 5 12-19-1918

TO SUE MURRAY WILSON

E. A. Wilson vs. Sue Murray Wilson
State of Tennessee. In Chancery
Court of Knox County. No. 16210

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant, Sue Murray Wilson is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of November next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four consecutive weeks. This 19th day of Sept. 1918
J. C. FORD, Clerk & Master.
Bowen & Anderson, Sols.
Sept. 21 28 Oct. 5 12-19-1918

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MEADOWS CORN MILL.
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Write for Information
708 S. Gay St. Knoxville, Tenn.

WORKMEN SEEK
ONLY JUSTICE

Charge That Unions Are Engaged
in Profiteering Is Manifestly
Unfair.

FIGURES REVEAL THE FACTS

Increases in Wage Scales Have No
More Than Kept Pace With Ad-
vanced Cost of Living—Statist-
tics From Bureau of Labor.

By WILLIAM L. CHENERY.
An impression that the unions are not unwilling to profiteer is current. It is charged that organized workers are trying to get more than they are justly due. They also, it is sometimes alleged, are taking advantage of the nation's emergency.

A fairly definite answer to this suspicion has been made by the bureau of labor statistics. The facts are brought up to May 15, 1918, and while they are not precisely contemporaneous, they are fresh as figures go. For if statistics were peddled as eggs they would ever bear the cold-storage label. But the facts, garnered by the government do not seem to dispel any illusion concerning profiteering among workmen. Their wages have not kept up with the cost of living.

Wages and Prices.
Organized labor received higher wages in 1918 than in any year preceding. "In all trades taken collectively the increase in weekly wage rates in 1918 over 1915 was 4 per cent, over 1914 4 per cent, over 1910 11 per cent, and over 1907 16 per cent. While wage rates have been increasing there has been a slight decrease in working time."

The gain was considerable but not so marked as the advance in the cost of living. In May, 1918, 94 cents bought only as much food as 70 cents purchased in 1907. Food, fuel and the other essentials of life showed the same movement. In general the government authorities found that, measuring by wholesale prices, 76 cents in 1907 would buy as much as 98 cents in May, 1918. Since then of course the rise has been enormous. By March of this year \$1.30 was needed to buy what 76 cents would have paid for ten years previous. And December is vastly higher than March.

Industrial Unrest.
Emphatically wages have not kept up with the prices. The same thing is true in Great Britain. So strikingly obvious is it there that the first of Lloyd-George's recent commissions on industrial unrest mentioned food prices as the primary cause of uneasiness in Great Britain.

Warns Against Strike.

Railroad shompen of the United States were notified through their union heads of the statement issued by Director General McAdoo reminding them that they are government employees in time of war and that a strike or any cessation of work at the present time would be a direct blow to the prosecution of the war.

The statement is in connection with the walkout a few days ago of several hundred machinists and shompen at the Alexandria, Va., shops of the Southern railroad and threats of a general strike of union shompen next Monday unless further pay advances are granted, and declares "the government cannot be coerced or intimidated by any of its employees."

The shompen are reminded by Director McAdoo that a board on railroad wages and working conditions has been created which will hear all cases in which a group of employees feel justice has not been done. Referring to the Alexandria, Va., walkout the director general declared it was "the first time in the history of our government that any of its employees have attempted a strike against their government."

TENNESSEE

Epitome of Interest-
ing Events That Are
Transpiring Over
the State

Selmer.—Eighteen hundred and fifty-nine men were registered in McNairy county Sept. 12. Seventeen hundred and forty-eight white; 121 negroes.

Covington.—Chas. L. Kinney of this city received a telegram stating that his son, Charles L. Kinney, Jr., aged 27, was killed at the Mineola Aviation Field, Brooklyn, N. Y., as the result of an airplane falling to earth.

Selmer.—A Red Cross membership campaign is being waged in McNairy county and workers report very encouraging results. The McNairy county chapter was organized here early in August in an enthusiastic representative mass meeting.

Paris.—The first carload of sweet potatoes from local growers was shipped to Northern purchasers the past week by the Henry County Sweet Potatoes Growers' Association. The price was \$2.25 per bushel and the car contained 600 bushels.

Newbern.—The link of the Memphis-Paducah highway which extends through Dyer county, beginning at Trimble by way of Newbern to Dyersburg, has been well worked and graded, and the route through Dyer promises to be in the best condition.

Whiteville.—M. A. Webb, 54, president of Whiteville Savings Bank and one of the wealthiest men in Hardeeman county, died at his home here, after an illness of several months. He was a Mason, a Knight of Pythias and prominent in political and financial circles of the state.

Knoxville.—Harry S. Hall was elected chairman of the Knox County Democratic executive committee by unanimous vote, succeeding L. D. Smith, who tendered his resignation in compliance with the ruling of Director General McAdoo of the railroad administration. Mr. Smith is division counsel for the Southern Railway.

Nashville.—John Howe Peyton, president of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway Company, was found dead with a pistol bullet in his left temple at his home here. The theory that the wound was self-inflicted is accepted by Mr. Peyton's friends, the act being ascribed to his depressed state of mind owing to his failure to secure army service abroad.

Chattanooga.—The 500 miners who quit at Soddy because of a difference between the day teamsters and the Durham company returned to the mines. It was learned here that the United States fuel administration ordered the men back to their jobs, ruling that they were bound to the company under their contract and were entirely in the wrong for leaving work.

Union City.—For killing William Mumford with a stick of stove wood which he had thrown at him, Herman Smith, a Lake county boy, was found guilty of voluntary manslaughter in the circuit court here, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by Judge R. A. Elkins. The two boys had quarreled, evidence adduced indicated, and Smith, in the heat of anger, hurled the firewood at Mumford, killing him.

Newbern.—A great deal of enthusiasm was manifested in Newbern by the citizens of the city school here, when practically every member met with the school faculty at the auditorium to hold the Parent Teachers' Association. An interesting program was delivered and many important subjects were given to the parents and students in the co-operation of the school work for this session.

Sunny Side.—John Gilbreath of this place, bears the distinction of being the father of nine boys, two of whom are now in the army of the United States, one already in France and seeing service, the other in training to go, and last week seven more registered and are ready to go. This is a record that any father has a right to be proud of. In addition to the nine sons, Mr. Gilbreath also has several daughters, who are active in army and navy work.

Knoxville.—The state board of control has made the recommendation that the State Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Knoxville be moved to the State Industrial School at Nashville and that the latter institution be established on the Herbert Domain. The asylum site is located on a square in the heart of the city, comprising more than eight acres of valuable property. The board favors agricultural education of deaf mutes, hence recommendations.

Lexington.—In the great fourth Liberty loan drive to be launched soon Henderson county is preparing to go "over the top" in subscribing quota.

Knoxville.—Col. Cary F. Spence has sent to Mrs. Spence two "75" shells made into flower vases. These shells missed headquarters of the 117th Infantry, of which Col. Spence is commander, by only 200 yards, and will be among the first souvenirs of the Belgium battlefield to be received in Knoxville since the thirtieth division has been on Belgian soil.

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RULE AGAINST GIRL MINERS

State of Wisconsin Also Will Not Let
Women Work on the Street
Cars After Dark.

Two important developments regarding work in which women may engage have just become known to the department of labor. A protest by organized miners at the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company resulted in orders from the state mining department that girls must not be employed as breakers in the mines, and accordingly all girls formerly employed there have been discharged.

In Wisconsin, the industrial commission has ruled that women may not work on street cars as conductors or motormen at night, or for more than eight hours. The commission expressed the view that such employment would be detrimental to the health of the women, and consequently to the detriment of future generations.

LABOR BOARDS ARE TO
COVER WHOLE COUNTRY

Community labor boards, which are charged with general supervision over the recruiting and distribution of workers for war production, have been organized in approximately 1,000 industrial centers in 43 states and the District of Columbia, the department of labor announced.

Women's Work Limited.

There are 628,000 women employed in all branches of industry in France, according to an official report made recently. The number employed in normal times is 487,000, the increase being due almost entirely to the employment of women in metal industries, chiefly in munition works. In these factories the weight which women can be required to carry in working is limited according to law to 55 pounds.

As inspectors of finished goods women are widely employed. They examine separate parts for automobiles; they verify grenade plugs, light shells and fuses. They nail up cases for airplanes and automobiles, and inspect big shells with the use of electric lamps. They test the caliber by the use of complicated measuring apparatus and microscopes. Other groups of women supervise the buildings where the men are employed and see that they are kept clean.

Appeal to Shipworkers.

Three ships a week instead of two will henceforth be turned out at the Port Newark yards, it became known when Director General Charles M. Schwab of the shipping board congratulated the men employed at the yard on their increased activity. He spoke to the men after a conference at which were Charles L. Piez, chairman of the fleet corporation, officers of the submarine boat corporation and superintendents and foremen of the yard. Chairman Piez, who also addressed the workers, said that "between now and the first of next year, no matter what sacrifices you may have to make to accomplish it, we have got to supply 1,800,000 tons of new ships."

Factory No Man's Land.

One hundred women workers are being added daily to the force at the factory established at Philadelphia by the quartermaster's department for the manufacture of uniforms.

Not a man is employed in the factory, there being about 2,000 women at work there. All sewing is by piece work and expert operators on the power-driven machines earn from \$20 to \$50 a week.

It is believed that the establishment of this factory is in line with the new policy of the government to manufacture its own army clothing.

Protest Wage Decree.

The Smith & Wesson company of Springfield, Mass., employing 1,400 persons, informed the war department that rather than abide by a recent decision of the war labor board it would prefer to have its plant taken over by the government and operated for the period of the war. The decision referred to provided for the restoration with back pay for employees discharged for violating a rule regulating union membership and approved collective bargaining between employees and the company.

Canada Has Enough Laborers.

The much-heralded cry of shortage of labor for the harvesting of the crops of western Canada has not been fulfilled. Harvesters from eastern Canada have been flocking into the prairies and these, with the soldiers who have been granted leave of absence for this work, are satisfactorily meeting all needs.

Large Sum Paid in Bonuses.

More than \$7,000,000 was paid out by Hawaiian plantations in bonuses to laborers during the year ending October 31, 1917, according to figures just completed by the bureau of labor and statistics of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' association.

Women's Wages in War.

An industrial welfare conference to determine increases in the Washington state minimum wage scale for women and children during the period of the war will be held shortly in Olympia.

Girls to Learn Trades.

Girl pupils of the Cleveland schools will be taught the same trades as the boys in the trade and technical schools if they desire.

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S. M. KEENER,
DENTIST.

McTOWNLEE BUILDING.
Corner Prince and Clinch Streets.

TO JAMES WILSON

Hattie Wilson vs. James Wilson
State of Tennessee. In Chancery
Court of Knox County. No. 16212

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant James Wilson is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of November next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four consecutive weeks. This 21st day of Sept. 1918
J. C. FORD, C. & M.
H. B. Brown, Sol.
Sept. 21 28 Oct. 5 1 1918

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE.

TO Dr. W. T. FLANEGAN
AND MARY FRANCES FLANEGAN A MINOR

O. B. Henderson, Administrator,
vs. Harry Hackworth et al.

In the County Court of Knox County, Tennessee, No. 5066

In this cause it appearing from the affidavit of O. B. Henderson Adm'r. that the defendants Dr. W. T. Flanagan, a minor, and Mary Frances Flanagan, a minor are non-residents of the State of Tennessee so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for four consecutive weeks in the Knoxville Independent, a newspaper published in Knoxville, Tenn., requiring said defendants to appear before the County Court for Knox County, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in Nov. 1918 and make defense to said petition or the same will be taken for confessed as to said defendants, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. This 27th day of Sept. 1918
A. W. Edington
County Court Clerk.
L. C. ELY, Attorney.
Sept. 28 Oct. 5 12-19-1918

A HOME AT A BARGAIN \$550.

One acre of ground, more or less, five room house, with porch, cellar, cistern, hen-house, workshop etc. Fruits of all kind. Mile and a half from Burlington street car line, near Rutledge pike and So. Ry. Address M. F. Dameron, R. D. 6, or call Old Phone 296.

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Abyssinia is the original home of the coffee tree, and in the southern and western highlands of that country there are still immense forests of it that have never been touched.

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S. G. HEISKELI.

Attorney-at-Law

Old Phone 395 New Phone 122
Knoxville, Tenn.

Office, Prince St. opp. Custom House

TO WILLIAM FASTER

Hattie Easter vs. William Easter
State of Tennessee. In Chancery
Court of Knox County. No. 16172

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant William Easter is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the 1st Monday of Oct. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks. This 31st day of Sept. 1918
J. C. FORD, Clerk and Master
F. E. Laughead, Sol.
August 31 Sept. 7 14 21 1918

NOTICE OF INSOLVENCY

Notice to the creditors of Columbus Looney, deceased:
Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of the late Columbus Looney, deceased and having suggested to the Clerk of the County Court of Knox County, Tennessee, the insolvency of said estate, hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to file said claims, duly authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, with the County Clerk of said county, on or before the 31st day of Dec. 1918 or the same will be forever barred, both in law and equity.

Any one indebted to the said estate is requested also to make settlement with me at once.
This 17th day of Sept. 1918
Cynthia Looney, Adm.

EXECUTORS NOTICE

Having been appointed as Executor of the estate of Mary L. Forester, deceased, a resident of Knox County, Tennessee, at the time of her death, said appointment having been made by the Judge of the County Court of Knox County, all creditors of said Mary L. Forester having claims of any sort against said estate, are hereby notified to present to and file with me at once, statements of said claims, authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the 31st day of December 1918 or they will be forever barred as to the same both in law and equity. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment of same to me at once.
This 21st day of Sept. 1918
George W. Ford, Executor
Sept. 21 28 Oct. 5 12 1918

BAKER LAUDS YANK SPIRIT

Secretary of War Enthusiastic at
What He Saw of Fighting at
St. Mihiel.

London, Sept. 18.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, received the American correspondents here. He said that he would go to France for a few days, but would return to London in about a week to confer with British authorities.

Mr. Baker was enthusiastic in his praise of the American troops in France. He described how he saw part of the fighting of St. Mihiel from a hill and told of the terrific barrage fire and the wonderful dash of the American soldiers.

"The spirit and smiles of the Americans, even among the wounded," he said, "is most inspiring. Our casualties were remarkably light, being for the most part minor wounds."